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BIOLOGY 0610/42

Paper 4 Theory (Extended)

October/November 2024

1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

[2]



1 (a) Organisms from the genus *Chlorella* are protoctists.

| State the | additional | information | required to | name | Chlorella | according | to the | binomial | syster | n. |
|-----------|------------|-------------|-------------|------|-----------|-----------|--------|----------|--------|----|
| | | | | | | | | | [| 1] |

(b) Fig. 1.1 shows the structure of an organism from the genus *Chlorella*.

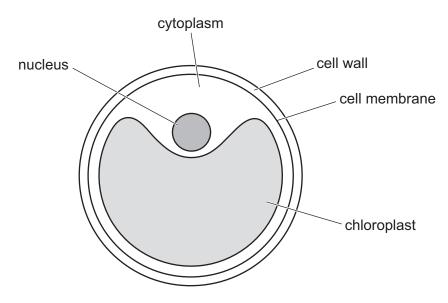


Fig. 1.1

| (1) | identify two cell structures in Fig. 1.1 that indicate that <i>Chiorella</i> is not a prokaryote. |
|-----|---|
| | 1 |
| | 2 |
| | [2] |

(ii) Identify two cell structures in Fig. 1.1 that are found in both fungi and protoctists.

| 1 | | |
|---|------|--|
| 2 | | |

(iii) State the names of two other kingdoms, apart from fungus, prokaryote and protoctist.

| and | [1] |
|-----|-----|



(c) Chlorella is sold as a nutritional supplement.

Spirulina is another nutritional supplement.

Table 1.1 shows some nutritional information for *Chlorella* and *Spirulina* supplements and the recommended daily intake for some nutrients.

Table 1.1

3

| putriont | | nutrient of supplement | average recommended daily intake in adults |
|-----------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| nutrient | Chlorella supplement | <i>Spirulina</i> supplement | /mg per day |
| vitamin C | 0.74 | 0.00 | 80.00 |
| calcium | 120.00 | 5.10 | 1000.00 |
| iron | 37.00 | 75.50 | 12.00 |

(i) One tablet contains 5 g of Chlorella supplement.

Using the information in Table 1.1, calculate the number of tablets of *Chlorella* supplement a person needs to take to provide the recommended daily intake of iron.

Give your answer to one decimal place.

Space for working.

| | tablets [3] |
|------|---|
| (ii) | Explain the advantages of taking Chlorella as a dietary supplement rather than Spirulina. |
| | Use the data in Table 1.1 to justify your answer. |
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[Total: 17]

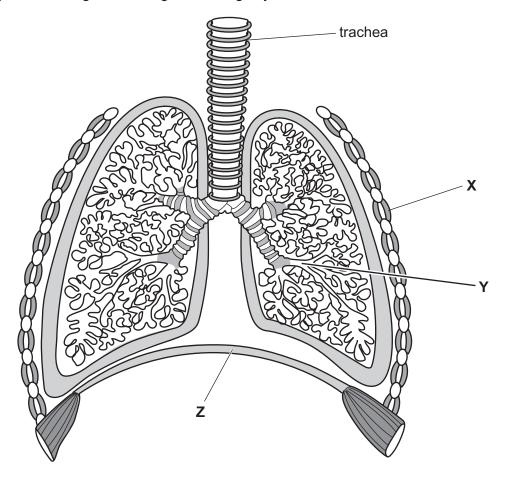


4

| | (iii) | State the name of one food that is a principal dietary source of vitamin C. |
|-----|-------|--|
| | | [1 |
| (d) | Chl | orella is also a good source of protein. |
| | (i) | State the importance of proteins in active transport. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | [2 |
| | (ii) | State the name of the smaller molecules that proteins are made from. |
| | | [1 |



2 (a) Fig. 2.1 is a diagram of the gas exchange system in humans.



5

Fig. 2.1

| (1) | State the names of the parts labelled A , T and Z in Fig. 2.1. |
|-------|--|
| | X |
| | Υ |
| | Z |
| | [3] |
| (ii) | The wall of the trachea contains rings of tissue. |
| | State the name of this tissue and describe its function. |
| | name |
| | function |
| | [2] |
| (iii) | State the names of two types of cells responsible for protecting the breathing system from particles. |
| | 1 |
| | 2 |
| | [2] |

(b) A scientist estimated the pressure and volume in the thorax during one breath.

Fig. 2.2 shows a graph of the results.

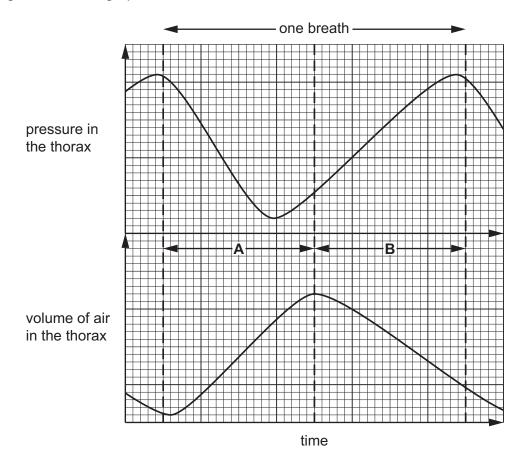


Fig. 2.2

| Describe and explain the changes in the thorax that occur during section A only in Fig. 2.2. |
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| [5] |



| (c) | Complete the sentences to describe the effect of carbon dioxide concentration on breathing |
|-----|--|
| | During physical activity, the carbon dioxide concentration of the blood |
| | |
| | This is detected by the |

This results in an increased rate and greater of breathing.

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[Total: 15]

[3]



3 (a) Fig. 3.1 shows a kidney nephron and its associated blood vessels.

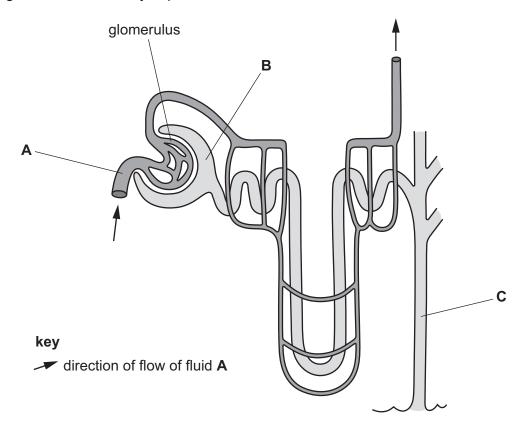


Fig. 3.1

The compositions of fluids A, B and C were analysed.

Table 3.1 shows the results for five components of the fluids.

Table 3.1

| component | percentage concentration in fluid A | percentage concentration in fluid B | percentage concentration in fluid C |
|-----------|--|--|--|
| water | 90.00 | 90.00 | 94.00 |
| glucose | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.00 |
| protein | 8.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| urea | 0.03 | 0.03 | 2.00 |
| ions | 0.72 | 0.72 | 1.50 |

(i) State the names of fluid A and fluid C in Fig. 3.1.

| [2] |
|-----|

Α

C



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- (c) A gene mutation may be involved in the development of type 1 diabetes.
 - Describe what is meant by a gene mutation.

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| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | [2] |

Outline the treatment of type 1 diabetes

| [3 |
|----|
| |

[Total: 18]



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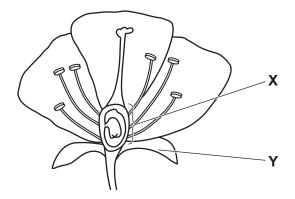


- 4 (a) Fig. 4.1 shows a diagram of two flowers from different plants of the same species.
 - (i) Describe what is meant by the term species.

.....[2]

(ii) Complete the diagram in Fig. 4.1 to show self-pollination and cross-pollination by:

- drawing **one** arrow to show the pathway of pollen during self-pollination **and** labelling this arrow self-pollination
- drawing one arrow to show the pathway of pollen during cross-pollination and labelling this arrow cross-pollination
- labelling the names of the structures involved in pollination.



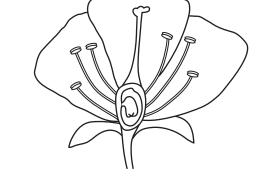


Fig. 4.1

(iii) State the function of the parts labelled X and Y in Fig. 4.1.

(......

[3]



| (b) | | self-pollination and not asexua | | production | of | offspring | is | а | form | of | sexua |
|-----|--|---|------|------------|----|-----------|----|---|------|----|-------|
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13

......[1

(c) State the type of environmental conditions that hydrophytes are adapted to live in.

[Total: 11]

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Fig. 5.1 is a pedigree diagram showing the inheritance of blood group in one family.

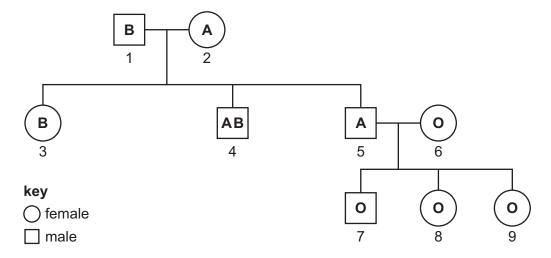


Fig. 5.1

| (a) | State the number of people in Fig. 5.1 with: |
|-----|--|
| | XY chromosomes |

only **one I^A** allele.....

[2]

| (b) | Explain how Fig. 5.1 shows that blood group is an example of discontinuous variation. |
|-----|---|
| | |
| | |

| | ••• |
|------|-----|
| | |
| | |

(c) State one example of discontinuous variation in plants.

.....[1]

(e)



15

| | | | [2 |
|------------------------|---|--|---|
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| c diagram to determine | the probabili | ty of the offspring having | the blood |
| parent 1 | | parent 2 | |
| blood group A | + | blood group B | |
| l ^Α lο | + | I B I o | |
| | + | | |
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| | notype I^AI° has a child w c diagram to determine parent 1 blood group A | notype I^AI^o has a child with a person c diagram to determine the probabili parent 1 blood group A + | blood group A + blood group B |

[Total: 11]

(a) The flow chart in Fig. 6.1 shows one pathway of nitrogen as it travels through the nitrogen cycle.

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Complete the flow chart in Fig. 6.1.

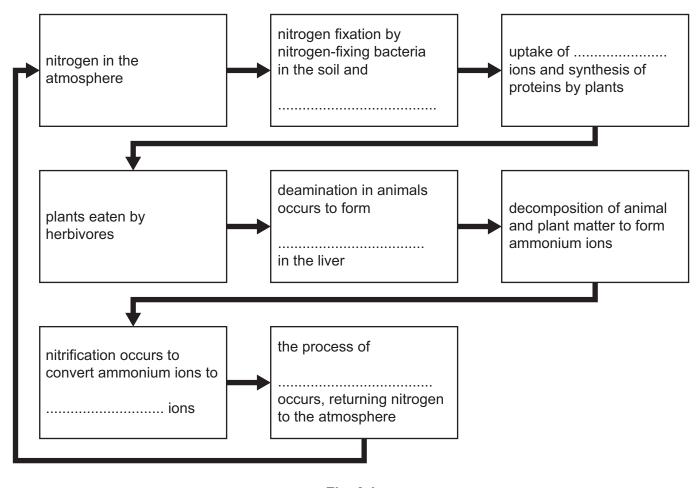


Fig. 6.1

(b) State the names of **two** processes that occur in both the carbon and nitrogen cycles.

| 1 | ١. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|--|--|------|--|------|------|--|--|------|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
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2[2]

(c) State the principal source of energy input to biological systems.

|--|

[Total: 8]

[5]

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